

# CULTURE HUNTER SURABAYA

## SDGs+ Mobility Maps

### PROMOTE RELIGIOUS AND CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

#### SURABAYA

In the video clip, we can see the beliefs and culture of the Torjans in Indonesia. There is to bring the bones of the deceased from the grave to perform a ceremony in a cleaning ceremony that is believed to cleanse the spirits of the ancestors

who had passed away and demonstrates the culture of always remembering the ancestors.



From the video clip, culture and religious ceremonies regarding death, such as in Indonesia where the majority of the population is Muslim, have a ritual of burying the body in the ground to decay. The Christian religious ceremonies must have the cross before the ceremony of burying the body in a coffin This is different from Buddhism do cremation ceremony.

In **Airlangga University** There is a mosque where important religious ceremonies are done Muslims activity every Friday.

From the video clip at **Airlangga University**, they saw the importance of foreign cultures, so They created a podcast, For learning as well as spreading the culture of various countries



#### ANTROPOLOGY MUSEUM



PROMO	
DIMSUM	HARGA MULAI 1.000
STREET FOOD	PAKET 10.000
LUMPIA SEMARANG	10.000
SATE KOREA	5.000
ROTI BAKAR	5.000
MASI KARAGE	17.000
MASI KRA...	25.000





# BALI SDGs+ Mobility Maps

## PROMOTE RELIGIOUS AND CULTURAL ACTIVITIES



In Bali, from our field visits and video clips, it can be seen that the architecture is beautiful and fierce, with stories related to **Ramayana, Mahabharata, Ganesha, and Barong**.

One of a place for religious activities and also a tourist attraction in Bali That's outstanding is the Puja Mandala, This is a place where all 5 major religions in the world are gathered. There are Hinduism, Buddhism, Catholicism, Protestantism, and Islam and we see people walking in to do Salat or Prayer, and the sound of the prayers makes this place look so magical. These things reflect the coexistence of different beliefs, But there was no division among the communities in that area.

### TO STUDY AND ANALYZE THE TRUE CAUSES OF CREATING ADDITIONAL ECONOMIC VALUE FOR CULTURAL AND RELIGIOUS CITIES.

**"Can religion really help to create sustainability?"**

In Penglipuran Village we visited the area to Interview tourists and residents. Two-thirds of tourists say that the reason that they choose to visit Bali is because of the culture and beautiful nature. So we asked the people in the area, "Do you think religion can help preserve nature and these ancient cultures?" She said that in Bali there is a traditional law called "Tri hita kanana" that Hindus or Balinese people follow "Tri hita kanana" is to maintain the balance of God, man and nature, which is a principle of Hindu philosophy. Therefore, this is the reason why Bali There is still beautiful nature everywhere, whether in the city or outside the city.

**There may be doubts that how is it related to SDGs?**

So go back to the tourist interview: "They come to Bali because of the beautiful nature." Beautiful nature is the main factor that makes tourists choose to come to Bali. for this reason having the principle of TRI HITA KARANA comes in to help preserve nature. It is another factor that helps stimulate the tourism economy of Bali very well.

This allows religion to play a role in helping promote SDGs+ in Section 8.9, Promote beneficial and sustainable tourism by 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products. 11.4. Protect the world's cultural and natural heritage Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage. And another important point is Goal 13, Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts, **HOW?** because TRI HITA KARANA can be a guideline That allows people to help preserve nature and help solve the problem of global warming as well.

But the real problem from interviews with tourists and villagers in Penglipuran Village is environmental problems. which is an important problem It's already number one among tourist cities. The process that we propose is Strong enforcement of environmental laws, community cooperation, religious ideas embedded in various teachings, such as in Bali where there is the teaching of Trihita kanana, is to be one with God, to be one with fellow humans, being one with nature and the environment that makes the Balinese people cultivated and have treated each other All of which together can truly create sustainability in the economy, culture, and environment. If can applied in Thailand, it is necessary to create a social structure for special economic development based on cooperation in society. **Because we believe that every place has its own cultural and religious roots. It is up to each community how to use it to create the most benefit. And Bali is the best proof of our survey.**



From all of the above What we learned on this trip to Indonesia It is an experience that cannot be found anywhere else. It makes us realize the importance of the contribution to the peace and prosperity of people in society that comes from seeing the importance of things they inherit, whether it be culture, rituals, religion or even cigarettes coffee, We gained a lot of knowledge from this activity and the knowledge in this time ,There was not only what we researched but also gained additional knowledge such as Benefits and evolution of nature, practical recycling and value creation of recycled items from our discarded items, community making of betadine. They also developed speaking and listening skills in English, which is an important language today. including his adjustment to society, new friendships, and the challenging pressures of our travels. The most important thing we have learned is to focus on environmental, social and economic aspects for concrete sustainable development without violence and with equality of rights and freedoms.